

HOW DOES A CASE
GET TO THE COURT
OF APPEALS?

Appellant files appeal after District
Court judgment



District Court forwards files to
Court of Appeals



Appellant and respondent file briefs



Three-judge panel hears oral
arguments



Court of Appeals issues opinion



Parties may petition Supreme Court
for further review

**Minnesota
Court of Appeals**

Minnesota Judicial Center
25 Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd.
St. Paul, MN 55155

Phone: 651-297-1000
Hours 8 a.m.—5 p.m. Monday—Friday
www.mncourts.gov

Visitor's
Guide to Oral
Arguments

**Minnesota
Court of
Appeals**



Welcome to the
Minnesota Court of Appeals, the
state's intermediate appellate
court. You are about to hear
oral arguments in an appeal.
The 19-judge Court of Appeals
hears an appeal in a three-judge
panel at which no new evidence
or testimony are offered.
Instead, the Court reviews the
decisions and procedures of the
lower court or agency and
decides whether an error
occurred.



**Minnesota
Court of Appeals**



Chief Judge
Edward
Toussaint, Jr.



Judge Harriet
Lansing



Judge Thomas
Kalitowski



Judge Roger
Klaphake



Judge
Randolph
Peterson



Judge Gordon
Shumaker



Judge Jill
Halbrooks



Judge Terri
Stoneburner



Judge David
Minge



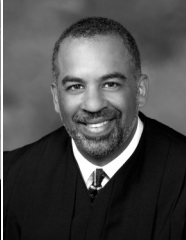
Judge Natalie
Hudson



Judge
Wilhelmina
Wright



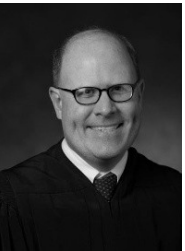
Judge Renee
Worke



Judge Kevin
Ross



Judge Heidi
Schellhas



Judge Francis
Connolly



Judge
Matthew
Johnson



Judge
Michelle
Larkin



Judge Larry
Stauber



Judge Louise
Bjorkman

What happens during oral arguments?

- **Marshal calls court to order; audience stands.** During oral arguments, the marshal maintains courtroom decorum and ensures that attorneys adhere to time limitations.
- **Three judges enter the courtroom.** Court of Appeals cases are heard in three-judge panels. Prior to oral arguments, judges prepare by reading “briefs,” or written arguments submitted by the parties involved. The judges sit in order of seniority, with the presiding judge in the middle.
- **Appellant’s attorney argues the case.** The attorney representing the appealing party also answers judges’ questions about his/her legal argument. Fifteen minutes are allotted with five minutes for rebuttal.
- **Respondent’s attorney argues and answers judges’ questions.** Fifteen minutes are allotted.

- **Judges conference the case.** One judge is assigned to draft the Court’s “opinion” or decision, which is discussed during conference.
- **Judges draft and revise the opinion.** The draft is circulated among the members of the three-judge panel. A judge on the panel may also write a “concurring opinion” – agreeing with the decision but for different reasons – or a “dissenting opinion” – disagreeing with the majority opinion. Once the judges agree on a final draft, the opinion is circulated to the entire Court of Appeals for comments.
- **Opinion filed with Clerk of Appellate Courts, released to public via the Judicial Branch web site www.mncourts.gov.** The Court of Appeals releases its opinion within 90 days.



Minnesota Judicial Center, St. Paul

Courtroom decorum

Please help us maintain decorum.

Important issues are decided based on oral arguments. Therefore, it is critical that the judges and attorneys work without distraction.

Please abide by the following while in court:

- Sit in the audience area of the courtroom. Standing is prohibited during oral arguments.
- Remain silent during the proceedings.
- Refrain from eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco.
- Remove hats before entering the courtroom.
- No demonstrations are allowed, including signs, banners or displays of symbols.
- Electronic recording devices are prohibited, except as permitted for the media.
- Turn off all pagers and wireless telephones before entering the courtroom.

HOW MANY CASES DOES THE COURT OF APPEALS HANDLE?

More than 2,200 appeals a year from:

- District Court decisions (except first-degree murder).
- Administrative agencies (except Tax and Workers’ Compensation courts).

WHEN DO ORAL ARGUMENTS OCCUR?

- Year-round in courtrooms 100 and 200 in the Minnesota Judicial Center, St. Paul.
- At various Greater Minnesota locations to keep litigation costs low and to ensure access to justice.

